

relative to said axis AL to provide lateral stability and enhanced traction.

12. (Amended) The sports shoe cleat defined in Claim 11 wherein said perimeter traction teeth have an inside surface facing said [central wear tooth] axis al and an outside surface facing away from said [central wear tooth] axis AL, and said inside surface is pyramid-shaped and said outside surface is cone-shaped.

13. (Amended) The sports shoe cleat defined in Claim 11 wherein said sports shoe cleat is molded from a polyurethane having [a hardness range from 45D to 95D durometer hardness].

14. (Amended) The sports shoe cleat defined in Claim 11 [wherein said] including a central wear tooth is encircled by said traction teeth and wherein each traction tooth is angled about  $37\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  measured from said axis AL passing axially through the center of said wear tooth and said axial line ALT passing axially through each traction tooth, respectively.

15. (Amended) A golf shoe cleat comprising a main body member having a dome-shaped outer face and a planar inner face,

a [threaded stud molded integrally with said main body member and] mounting member projecting vertically outwardly from said inner face, said main body member having a circular perimeter,

a plurality of perimeter traction teeth circumferentially spaced around said circular perimeter of said main body member, each tooth having an outward angle to provide lateral stability and traction through the plane of a golf swing,